



US005805987A

# United States Patent [19]

Kamase

[11] Patent Number: 5,805,987  
[45] Date of Patent: Sep. 8, 1998

[54] DOUBLE BALANCED MIXER CIRCUIT WITH LESS POWER CONSUMPTION

[76] Inventor: Fumihiro Kamase, c/o NEC Corporation, 7-1 Shiba 5-chome, Minato-ku, Tokyo, Japan

[21] Appl. No.: 718,176

[22] Filed: Sep. 19, 1996

[30] Foreign Application Priority Data

Nov. 10, 1995 [JP] Japan 7-317266

[51] Int. Cl. 6 H04B 1/28

[52] U.S. Cl. 455/326; 455/333; 327/359

[58] Field of Search 455/323, 325, 455/326, 327, 330, 333, 317, 318, 319, 118, 119; 327/113, 355, 356, 357, 359

[56] References Cited

U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

4,058,771 11/1977 Oshawa et al. 455/333  
5,548,840 8/1996 Heck 455/326  
5,630,228 5/1997 Mittel 455/333

OTHER PUBLICATIONS

T. Tsukahara, et al., "A Low-Voltage 2-GHz Si-Bipolar Direct-Conversion Quadrature Modulator", Technical Report of IEICE, ICD94-61, 1994, pp. 23-30.

T. Tsukahara, et al., "WP 2.6: A 2V 2GHz Si-Bipolar Direct-Conversion Quadrature Modulator", 1994 IEEE International Solid-State Circuits Conference, pp. 40-41 and 306.

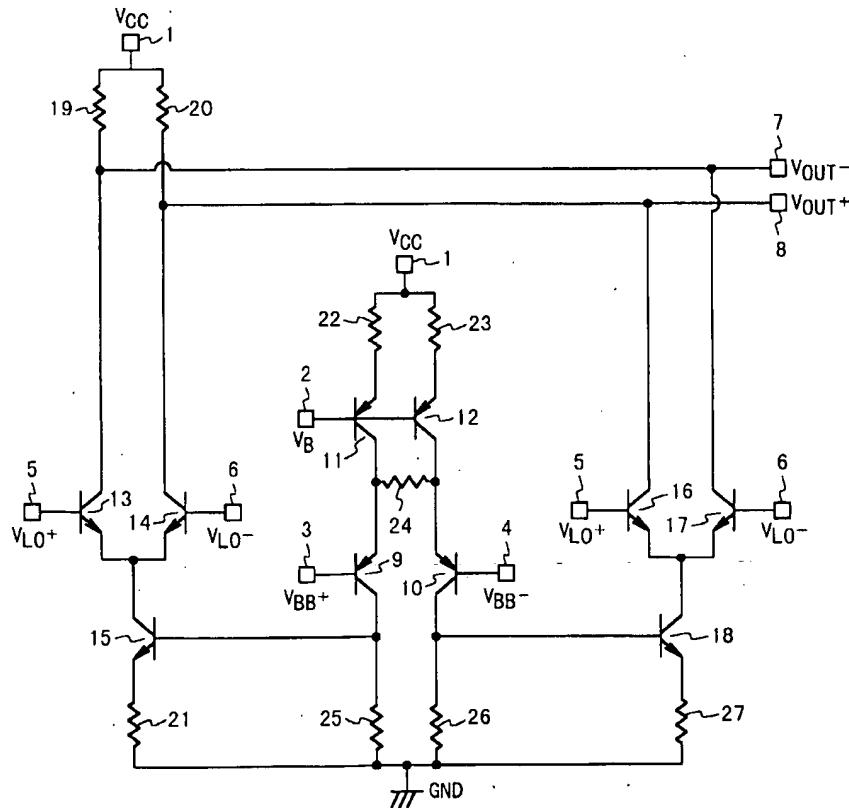
Primary Examiner—Thanh Cong Le

Attorney, Agent, or Firm—Ostrolenk, Faber, Gerb & Soffen, LLP

[57] ABSTRACT

A double balanced mixer circuit of reduced power consumption includes two single balanced mixer circuits each of which has a pair of first transistors. Output side terminals of the first transistors are cross-coupled between the two pairs, and first differential signals are supplied to control terminals of the first transistors. Connected in series to each pair of first transistors is a second transistor of a pair of second transistors. The double balanced mixer circuit also includes a differential amplifier circuit including a pair of third transistors, with fourth transistors connected to the pair of third transistors. The fourth transistors function as constant current sources for the pair of third transistors. Second differential signals are supplied to control terminals of the third transistors and differential output terminals of the third transistors are directly coupled to control terminals of the pair of second transistors.

16 Claims, 5 Drawing Sheets





US005933771A

# United States Patent [19]

[19]

Tiller et al

[11] Patent Number: 5,933,771

[45] Date of Patent: Aug. 3, 1999

## [54] LOW VOLTAGE GAIN CONTROLLED MIXER

5,233,311	8/1993	Chevallier .....	330/252
5,355,534	10/1994	Kimura .....	455/323
5,589,791	12/1996	Gilbert .....	327/559
5,809,410	7/1993	Stuebing et al. .....	455/333
5,874,857	3/1995	Roth et al. .....	330/254

[75] Inventors: **Samuel Alfred Tiller; George Khoury**,  
both of Ottawa, Canada

[73] Assignee: **Nortel Networks Corporation,**  
Montreal, Canada

#### FOREIGN PATENT DOCUMENTS

0 634 835 1/1995 European Pat. Off.  
2 239 752 7/1991 United Kingdom .

[21] Appl. No.: 08/879,771

[22] Filed: Jun. 20, 1997

[51] Int. Cl.<sup>6</sup> H04B 1/26; H03E 3/00

[51] Int. Cl. ..... 104B 4/26, 105P 3/00  
[52] U.S. Cl. ..... 455/333; 455/323; 455/326,  
330/254

[58] **Field of Search** ..... 455/333, 326,  
455/250.1, 323, 330, 254, 313; 327/355,  
359, 113; 330/254, 252

[56] References Cited

U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

4,704,738 11/1987 Graziadci et al. .... 455/253  
 4,931,746 6/1990 Trankle et al. .... 330/254

*Primary Examiner*—Reinhard J. Esenzope  
*Assistant Examiner*—Duc Nguyen

[57] ABSTRACT

The functionality of a variable gain controlled amplifier and a tree mixer are combined to provide a variable gain controlled mixer. In constructing the combination, both the current-to-voltage conversion output stage of the mixer, and the voltage-to-current conversion input stage of the variable gain amplifier are removed. Both the variable gain stage and the mixing stage are connected in parallel to modify the input current. Other configurations are provided, including a single balanced mixer, and a folded mixer.

**21 Claims, 10 Drawing Sheets**

